

Nuclear Latency (NL) Dataset
Country Coding Sheets

SWITZERLAND

COW COUNTRY CODE: 225

No evidence was found that supports Switzerland pursuing ENR technology. An electronic search of *Nuclear Fuel Search*, *Nuclear News*, and *The Bulletin of Atomic Scientists* revealed no indication that the country pursued ENR technology.

Sources:

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International Panel of Fissile Materials. 2011. "Global Fissile Material Report 2011: Nuclear Weapons and Fissile Material Stockpiles and Production." <http://fissilematerials.org/library/gfmr11.pdf>. Accessed 06/08/2015.

National Public Radio. 2010. "Nuclear Capabilities and Potential Around the World." <http://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=125898396>. Accessed 06/08/2015.

Nuclear Weapons Archive. "Switzerland." <http://nuclearweaponarchive.org/Nwfaq/Nfaq7-4.html>. Accessed 07/06/2015.

Westberg, Gunnar. 2010. "Swiss Nuclear Bomb." International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War." <http://peaceandhealthblog.com/2010/10/09/swiss-nuclear-bomb/>. Accessed 07/06/2015.

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Additional Notes:

Switzerland did pursue nuclear weapons acquisition in the 1950's. They acquired approximately 10 tons of uranium and purchased reactors from the United States. However, following a military funding scandal regarding nuclear-capable Mirage aircraft, the government faced opposition from minority parties. By 1964 funding for the program was limited to such a degree that no progress was made towards developing or purchasing nuclear weapons. Switzerland signed the NPT in 1969 but did not declare their uranium for five years after signing the NPT.